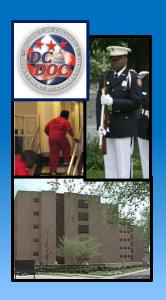


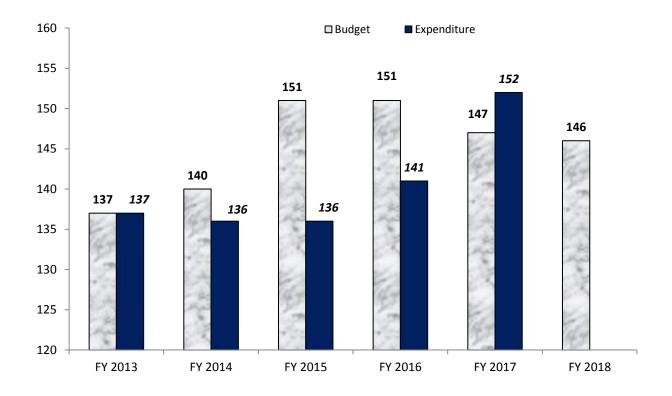
# DC Department of Corrections Facts and Figures

April 2018

District of Columbia Department of Corrections

### DC Department of Corrections Operating Budget and Net Expenditure





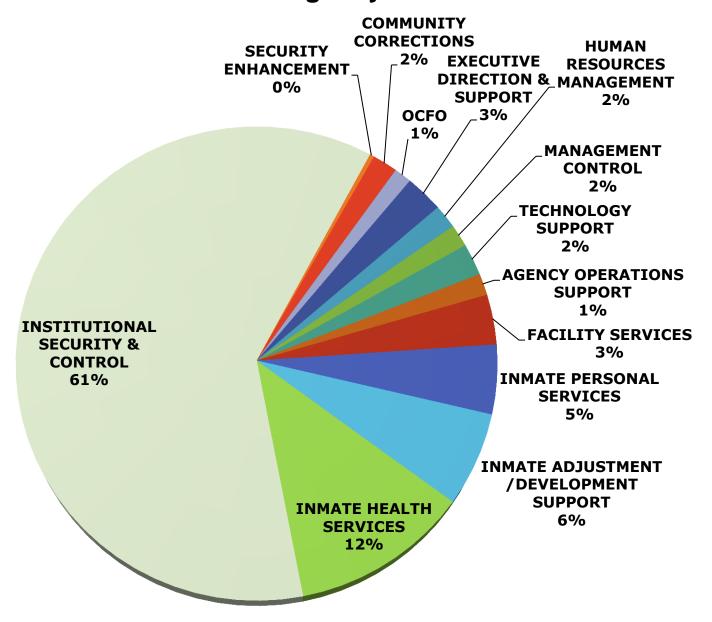
District of Columbia Department of Corrections

The Department of Corrections provides housing, security, and inmate services at the DOC facilities for some inmates under Federal jurisdiction and is reimbursed for such services.

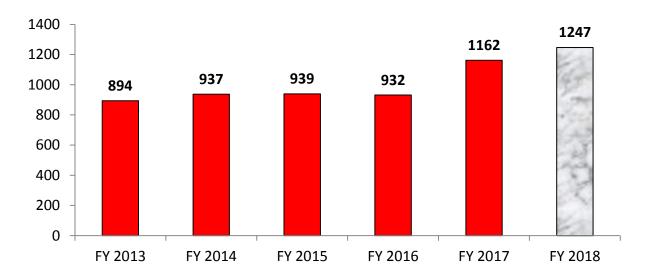
FY 2018 data reflects revised budget and estimated expenditures. Budget information and narratives can be accessed at: http://cfo.dc.gov

District of Columbia Department of Corrections

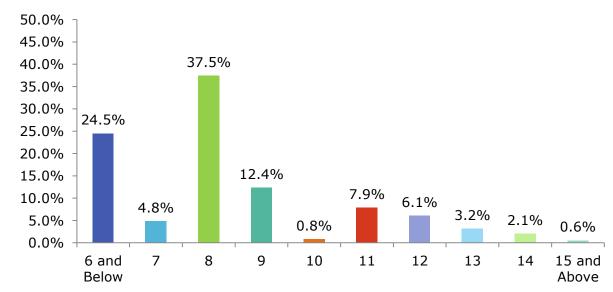
### **FY 2018 Budget by Service**



### **Department of Corrections Full Time Employees**



### **FY 2018 FTE Distribution by Grade**

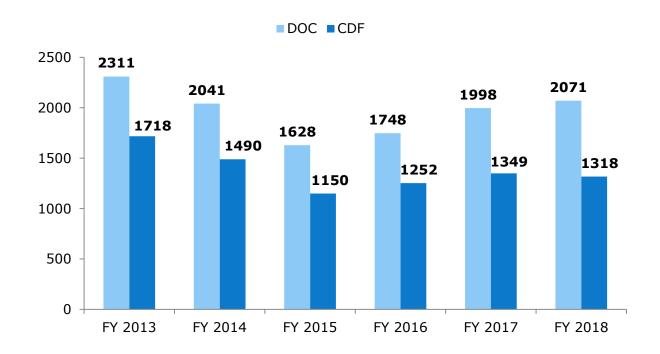




District of Columbia Department of Corrections

## Average Daily Population by Fiscal Year DC Department of Corrections (DOC) Total and Central Detention Facility (CDF)



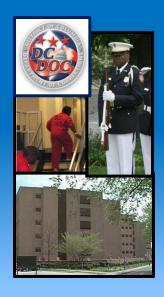


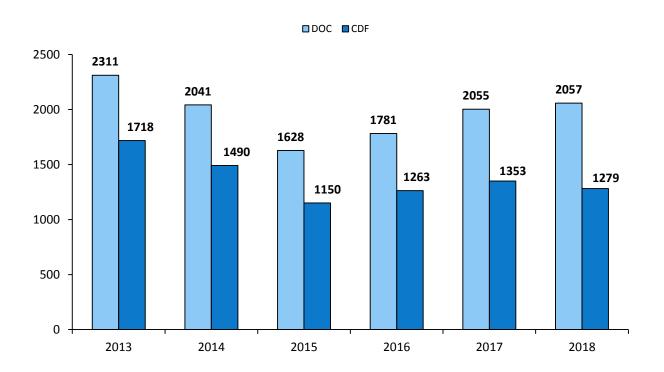
District of Columbia Department of Corrections

The Department of Corrections facilities include the Correctional Treatment Facility and the Central Detention Facility. DOC also contracts out for a limited number of Half Way House bed spaces in the Community.

### Average Daily Population by Calendar Year

### DC Department of Corrections (DOC) Total and Central Detention Facility (CDF)





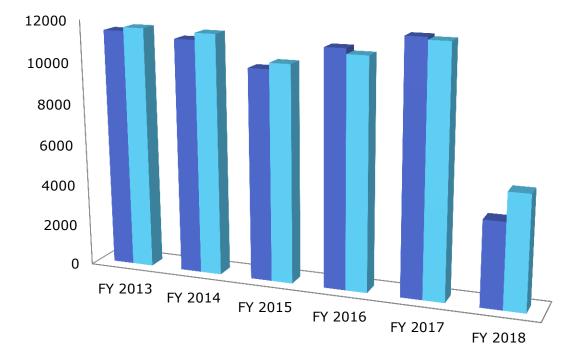
District of Columbia Department of Corrections

The Department of Corrections facilities include the Correctional Treatment Facility and the Central Detention Facility. DOC also contracts out for a limited number of Half Way House bed spaces in the Community.

### Intakes and Releases by Fiscal Year



District of Columbia Department of Corrections

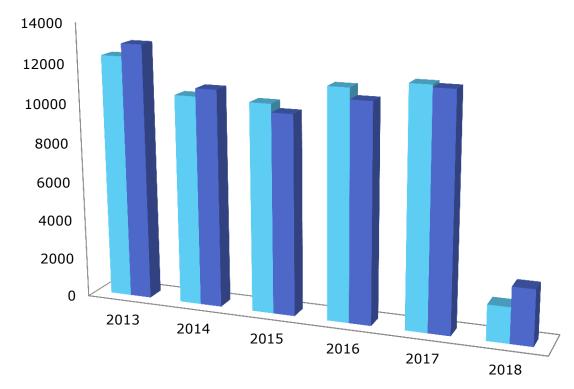


	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
■Intakes	11468	11245	10114	11277	11974	4108
Releases	11651	11577	10414	11020	11852	5483

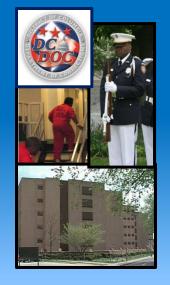
### Intakes and Releases by Calendar Year



District of Columbia Department of Corrections



	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
■Intakes	12334	10603	10521	11560	11953	1806
Releases	12976	11007	10104	11000	11827	2816



District of Columbia Department of Corrections

WARD Ward 1

Ward 2

Ward 3

Ward 4

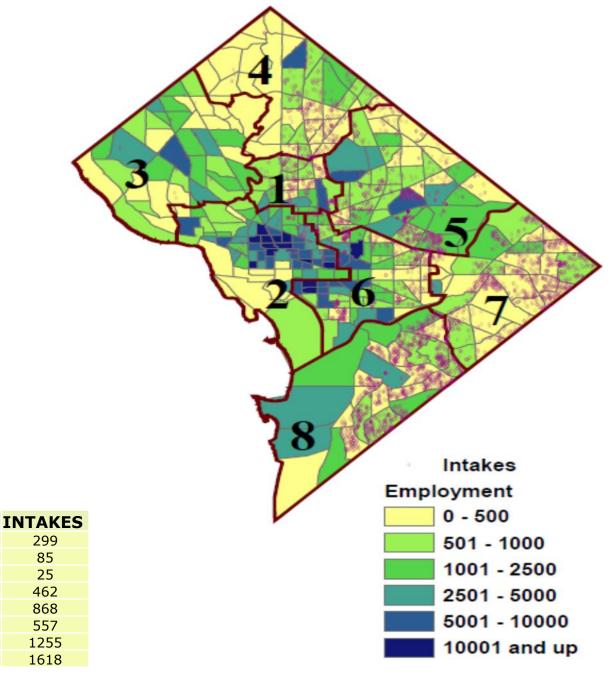
Ward 5

Ward 6

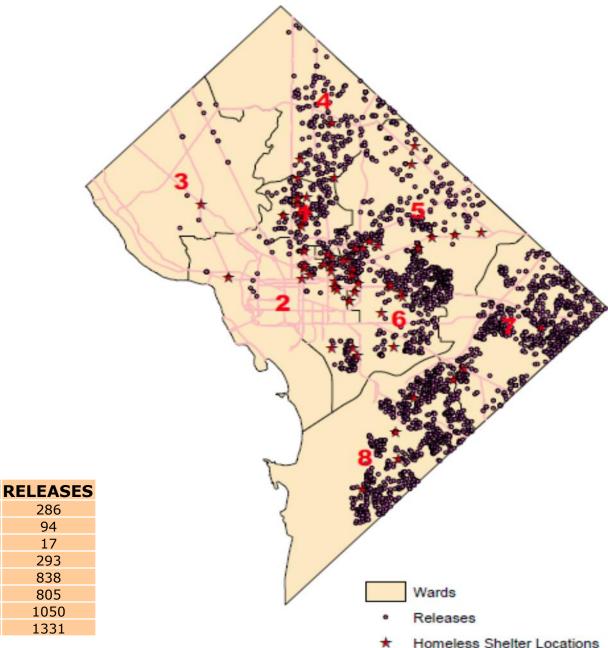
Ward 7

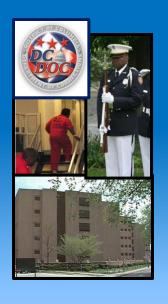
Ward 8





### DC Inmates Releases by Ward – July 2016 - June 2017





**District of** Columbia **Department** of Corrections WARD

286

94

17

293

838

805

1050

1331

Ward 1

Ward 2

Ward 3

Ward 4

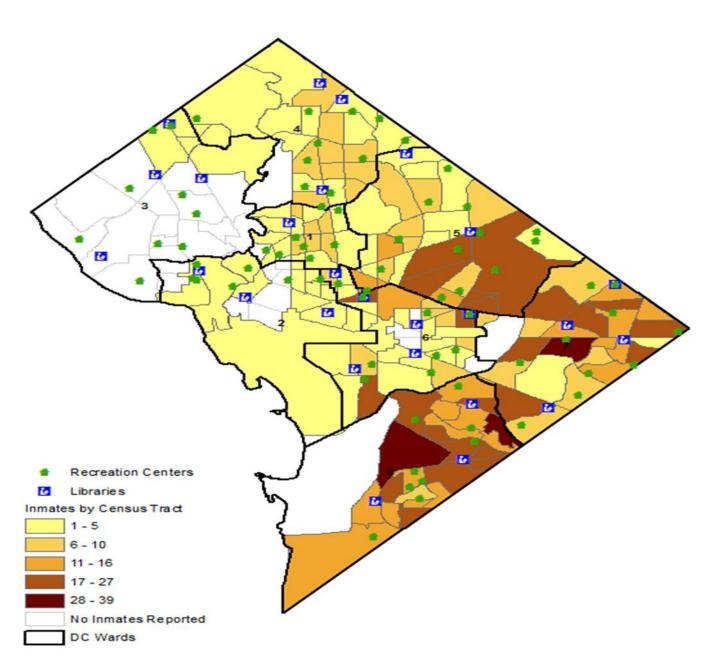
Ward 5

Ward 6

Ward 7

Ward 8

### DC Inmates by Census Tract of Residence – June 30, 2017

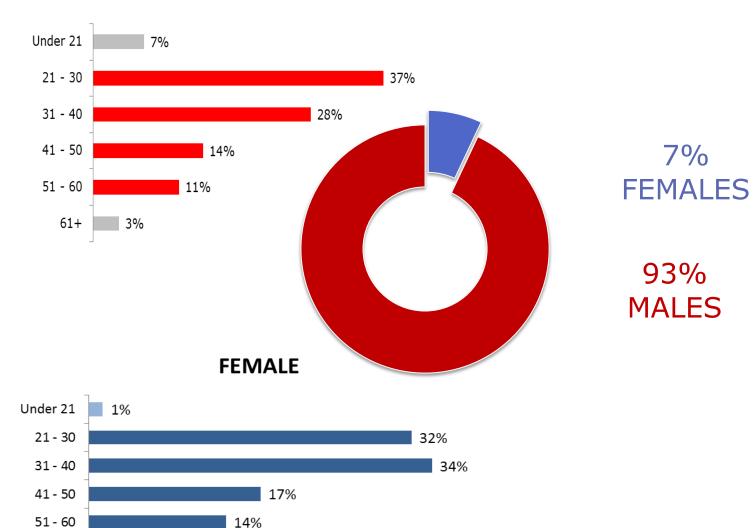




District of Columbia Department of Corrections

### Age Distribution of Inmates

#### **MALES**



**District of** Columbia **Department** of Corrections

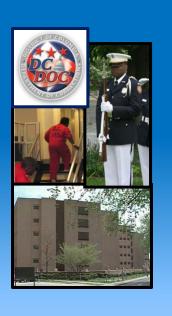
61+

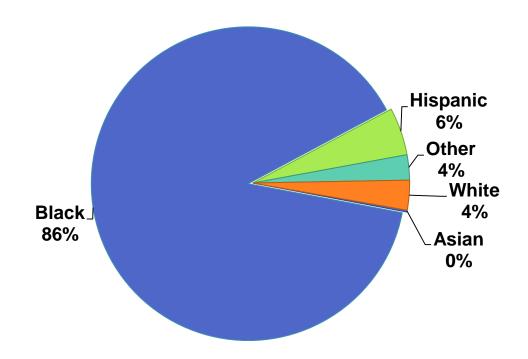
2%

Median age of inmates in custody is 35.8 years of age. Median age of Males is 35.6 years of age and Females is 37.8 years of age. 7%

93%

### **Inmate Population by Race**





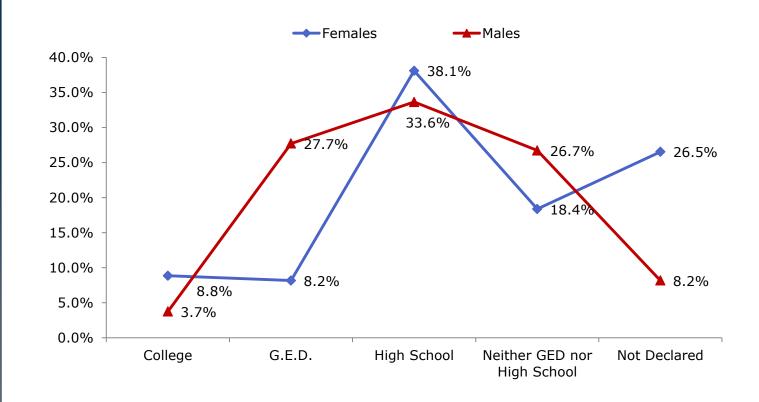
District of Columbia Department of Corrections

The category "Other" includes Native Americans and those who have declared their race as Other or not declared a race. Blacks are overrepresented compared to the DC population which is 47.7% Black. Whites, Hispanics, and Asians are under-represented compared to the DC population which is 44.6% White, 10.9% Hispanic, 4.1% Asian and 0.8% Other.

DC Population Data from www.census.gov .

#### Self Declared Education Levels for Inmates



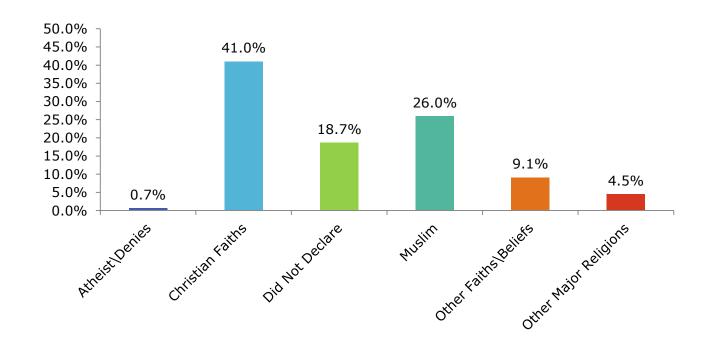


District of Columbia
Department of Corrections

61.4% of men and 45.6% of women in custody report having at least a High School Diploma or a GED. All data is self reported by inmates in DOC custody.

### Religious Affiliation of Intakes FY 2018



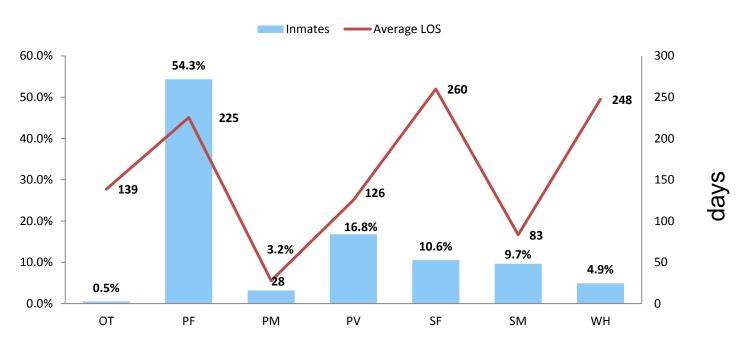


District of Columbia Department of Corrections

All data is self reported by intakes to DOC custody between October 1, 2017 and March 31,2018. The category "Other Major Religions" includes other faiths such as Jewish, Buddhist, Hindu and Rastafarian which occur infrequently among intakes.

### Percent of Male Inmates in Custody by Legal Status and Average Length of Stay in Days





Overall Average LOS for all Male Inmates = 193 days

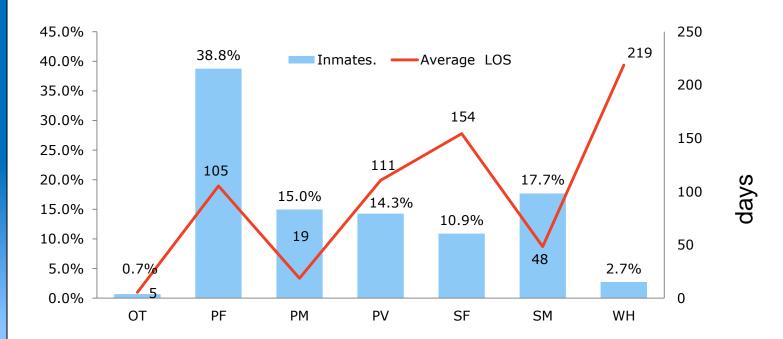
- •Pretrial (P) means at least one unresolved legal matter exists and no sentences are being served.
- •Sentenced (S) indicates the inmate is serving at least one sentence.
- •Felon (F) indicates the most serious offense requiring detention is a felony.
- •Misdemeanant (M) indicates that the individual has no felony offenses requiring detention.
- •Parole Violator (PV) indicates an individual whose violated conditions of parole, probation or release.
- •Writ/Hold (WH) individuals may have other charges (typically in transit, fugitive) requiring legal resolution. Only 4% of all inmates are detained solely on a writ.

District of Columbia
Department of Corrections

This information is based on a one day population snapshot.

### Percent of Female Inmates in Custody by Legal Status and Average Length of Stay in Days





#### Overall Average LOS for all Female Inmates = 91 days

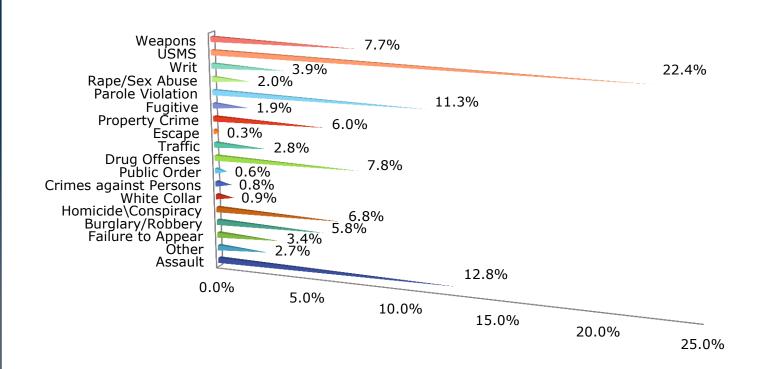
- •Pretrial (P) means at least one unresolved legal matter exists and no sentences are being served.
- •Sentenced (S) indicates the inmate is serving at least one sentence.
- •Felon (F) indicates the most serious offense requiring detention is a felony.
- •Misdemeanant (M) indicates that the individual has no felony offenses requiring detention.
- •Parole Violator (PV) indicates an individual whose violated conditions of parole, probation or release.
- •Writ/Hold (WH) individuals may have other charges (typically in transit, fugitive) requiring legal resolution. Only 4% of all inmates are detained solely on a writ.

District of Columbia
Department of Corrections

This information is based on a one day population snapshot.

### Offenses by Most Serious Active Charge Male Inmates



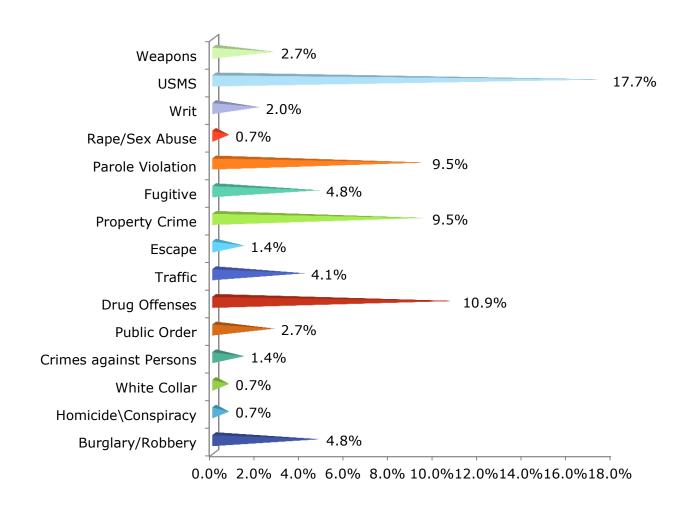


District of Columbia Department of Corrections

Approximately 35.2% of male inmates are incarcerated on violent or dangerous offenses (per DC Code 22 Section 4501).

April 2018

### Offenses by Most Serious Active Charge Female Inmates



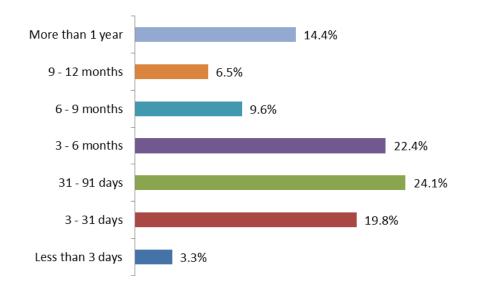
Approximately 21.1% of female inmates are incarcerated on violent or dangerous offenses (per DC Code 22 Section 4501).



District of Columbia Department of Corrections

April 2018

#### Length of Stay Distribution for Inmates in Custody



#### **Male Inmates**

The median LOS for males in custody is 102.5 days.



#### **Female Inmates**

The median LOS for females in custody is 39 days.

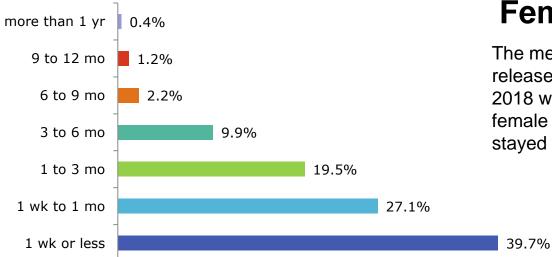
District of Columbia
Department of Corrections

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### FY 2018 Releases by Length of Stay



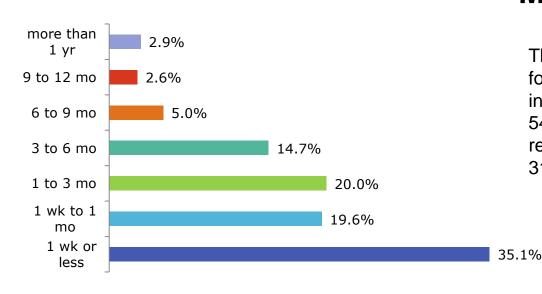
#### District of Columbia Department of Corrections



### **Female Inmates**

The median length of stay for released female inmates in FY 2018 was 14 days; 66.8% of female inmates released stayed fewer than 31 days.

### **Male Inmates**

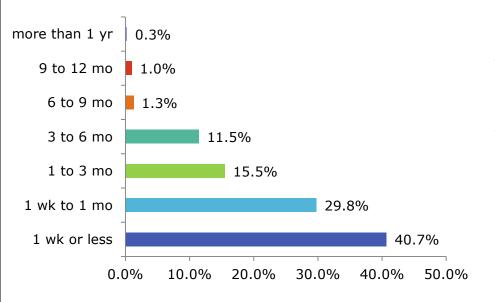


The median length of stay for released male inmates in FY 2018 was 24.5 days; 54.7 % of male inmates released stayed fewer than 31 days.

April 2018

This information is based on the number of inmates released as of FY 2018.

### CY 2018 Releases by Length of Stay



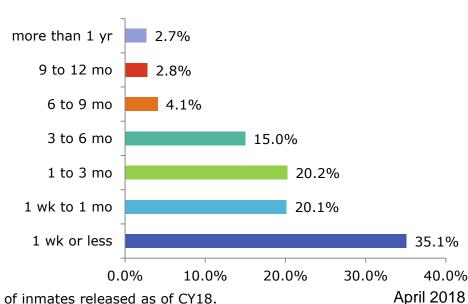
### **Female Inmates**

The median length of stay for released female inmates in CY 2018 was 14 days; 70.5% of female inmates released stayed fewer than 31 days.



### **Male Inmates**

The median length of stay for released male inmates in CY 2018 was 24.7 days; 55.2% of male inmates released stayed fewer than 31 days.

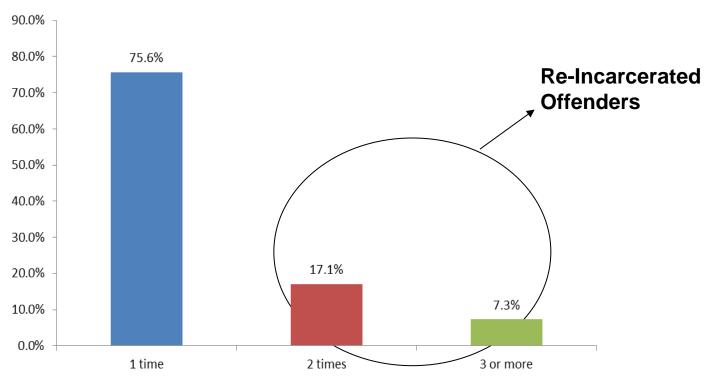


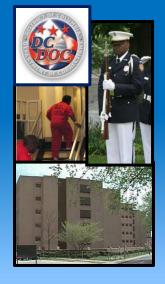
District of Columbia Department of Corrections

This information is based on the number of inmates released as of CY18.

#### 1 Year Re-Incarceration Rate

### FY 2017 Releases by Frequency of Release FY 2017





District of Columbia Department of Corrections

The FY 2017 one year re-incarceration rate was 24.2% for all inmates, this is 3.2% higher than the one year re-incarceration rate in FY 2016 of 20.2% for all inmates. Non-federal inmates who are re-incarcerated have a significantly higher incidence of mental illness, but are similar to federal offenders who are re-incarcerated in most other attributes.